

Auditor's Report on Naturgy Energy Group, S.A. and subsidiaries

(Together with the consolidated annual accounts and consolidated directors' report of Naturgy Energy Group, S.A. and subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2022)

(Translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails.)



KPMG Auditores, S.L. Paseo de la Castellana, 259C 28046 Madrid

Independent Auditor's Report on the Consolidated Annual Accounts

(Translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails.)

To the shareholders of Naturgy Energy Group, S.A.

REPORT ON THE CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL ACCOUNTS



We have audited the consolidated annual accounts of Naturgy Energy Group, S.A. (the "Parent") and subsidiaries (together the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet at 31 December 2022, and the consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and consolidated notes.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated annual accounts give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the consolidated equity and consolidated financial position of the Group at 31 December 2022 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union (IFRS-EU) and other provisions of the financial reporting framework applicable in Spain.

Basis for Opinion _____

We conducted our audit in accordance with prevailing legislation regulating the audit of accounts in Spain. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Annual Accounts* section of our report.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements, including those regarding independence, that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated annual accounts pursuant to the legislation regulating the audit of accounts in Spain. We have not provided any non-audit services, nor have any situations or circumstances arisen which, under the aforementioned regulations, have affected the required independence such that this has been compromised.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated annual accounts of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated annual accounts as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Revenue recognition: Unbilled energy supplied See notes 2.4.23, 2.4.25 and 10 to the consolidated annual accounts

Key audit matter

The Group's businesses that carry out energy supply activities must make estimates of unbilled supplies to end customers in the period between the last meter reading and the end of the reporting period. At 31 December 2022 the Group has recognised revenue from unbilled energy supplied in an amount of Euros 1,634 million.

The amount of unbilled energy supplied is estimated based on internal and external information that is compared with the readings contained in the management systems used by the businesses. Revenue is calculated by multiplying the volume of estimated unbilled consumption, a process that is subject to a high degree of uncertainty, by the tariff agreed for each customer.

Determining unbilled energy supplied requires the use of estimates by Group management with the application of criteria, judgements and assumptions in its calculations, so the recognition of revenue from unbilled energy supplied has been considered a key audit matter.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures included the following:

- Analysing the design and implementation and the operating effectiveness of the key controls related to the calculation of the unbilled energy supplied.
- Evaluating the reasonableness of the calculation model used by comparing the estimates made at the close of the previous period and actual invoicing data (retrospective analysis).
- Assessing the reasonableness of the volume of unbilled energy through an analysis of historical information and other available internal and external data.
- Evaluating a selected sample of the tariffs applied by comparing them with the data contained in the customer contract databases.
- We also assessed whether the disclosures in the consolidated annual accounts meet the requirements of the financial reporting framework applicable to the Group.



Recoverability of non-current assets

See notes 2.4.6, 2.4.25 and 4 to the consolidated annual accounts

Key audit matter

At 31 December 2022 the Group has recognised intangible assets including goodwill, property, plant and equipment, and right-of-use assets for amounts of Euros 5,972 million, Euros 17,379 million and Euros 1,162 million, respectively, allocated to the cash-generating units (CGUs) detailed in note 4 to the consolidated annual accounts.

Under IFRS-EU, the recoverable amount of assets must be analysed when indications of impairment have been identified. Goodwill, intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and in-process intangible assets are not amortised, but are instead tested for impairment at least on an annual basis.

The recoverable amount of the non-current assets indicated in the preceding paragraphs is generally calculated using methodologies based on discounted cash flows, the estimation of which requires the use of a high degree of judgement by management and the use of assumptions and estimates. Where fair value is used, market values offered by third parties have been applied. Due to the high level of judgement required, the uncertainty associated with these estimates and the significance of the amount of non-current assets, this has been considered a key audit matter.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures included the following:

- Evaluating the design and implementation of the key controls related to the process of estimating the recoverable amount.
- Assessing the appropriateness of the composition of the CGUs based on our understanding of management of the business.
- Analysing the reasonableness and consistency of the assumptions and cash flows included in the pricing models with those considered in the business plans approved by the governing bodies.
- Evaluating the reasonableness of the methodology used to calculate value in use and the main assumptions considered, with the involvement of our valuation specialists.
- Comparing the cash flow forecasts estimated in prior years with the actual cash flows obtained.
- Evaluating the sensitivity of the recoverable amount to changes in certain assumptions that can be considered reasonable.
- Comparing the fair value with the offers received from third parties, where fair value less costs to sell has been used as the recoverable amount of the CGU.
- We also assessed whether the disclosures in the consolidated annual accounts meet the requirements of the financial reporting framework applicable to the Group.



Commitments to purchase natural gas and liquefied natural gas for own use See notes 2.4.8 and 36 to the consolidated annual accounts

Key audit matter

At 31 December 2022 the Group has long-term contractual commitments to purchase natural gas and liquefied natural gas amounting to Euros 83,300 million. These contracts are signed and held to meet the Group's expected need for receiving or delivering gas in accordance with periodical purchase and sale forecasts. Consequently, the Group classifies these contracts as for "own use", adhering to the exception established by the standard enabling them to be recognised as executory contracts, and they are therefore excluded from

The assessment of long-term gas supply contracts to determine whether they should be classified as for "own use" requires management to exercise judgement as regards forecast supply and demand in the short, medium and long term, and the fulfilment of the contractual clauses. Consequently, this has been considered a key audit matter.

the scope of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

- Our audit procedures included the following:
 - Evaluating the design and implementation of the key controls linked to the process of assessing the requirements for classifying these contracts as for "own use".
- Reading and analysing a significant sample of natural gas and liquefied natural gas supply contracts signed by the Group.
- Analysing whether these supply contracts meet the definition of "own use" stipulated in the applicable financial reporting framework based on an analysis of the conditions set out therein, the quantities acquired during the year, minimum contract quantities and the reasonableness of the Group's gas sales forecasts.
- We also assessed whether the disclosures in the consolidated annual accounts meet the requirements of the financial reporting framework applicable to the Group.

Other Information: Consolidated Directors' Report_

Other information solely comprises the 2022 consolidated directors' report, the preparation of which is the responsibility of the Parent's Directors and which does not form an integral part of the consolidated annual accounts.



Our audit opinion on the consolidated annual accounts does not encompass the consolidated directors' report. Our responsibility regarding the information contained in the consolidated directors' report is defined in the legislation regulating the audit of accounts, as follows:

- a) Determine, solely, whether the consolidated non-financial information statement and certain information included in the Annual Corporate Governance Report and the Annual Report on Directors' Remuneration, as specified in the Spanish Audit Law, have been provided in the manner stipulated in the applicable legislation, and if not, to report on this matter.
- b) Assess and report on the consistency of the rest of the information included in the consolidated directors' report with the consolidated annual accounts, based on knowledge of the Group obtained during the audit of the aforementioned consolidated annual accounts. Also, assess and report on whether the content and presentation of this part of the consolidated directors' report are in accordance with applicable legislation. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there are material misstatements, we are required to report them.

Based on the work carried out, as described above, we have observed that the information mentioned in section a) above has been provided in the manner stipulated in the applicable legislation, that the rest of the information contained in the consolidated directors' report is consistent with that disclosed in the consolidated annual accounts for 2022, and that the content and presentation of the report are in accordance with applicable legislation.

Directors' and Audit and Control Committee's Responsibilities for the Consolidated Annual Accounts

The Parent's Directors are responsible for the preparation of the accompanying consolidated annual accounts in such a way that they give a true and fair view of the consolidated equity, consolidated financial position and consolidated financial performance of the Group in accordance with IFRS-EU and other provisions of the financial reporting framework applicable to the Group in Spain, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated annual accounts, the Parent's Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Parent's audit and control committee is responsible for overseeing the preparation and presentation of the consolidated annual accounts.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Annual Accounts_

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated annual accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with prevailing legislation regulating the audit of accounts in Spain will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated annual accounts.

As part of an audit in accordance with prevailing legislation regulating the audit of accounts in Spain, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated annual accounts, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Parent's Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Parent's Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated annual accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated annual accounts, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated annual accounts represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated annual accounts.
 We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



We communicate with the audit and control committee of the Parent regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Parent's audit and control committee with a statement that we have complied with the applicable ethical requirements, including those regarding independence, and to communicate with them all matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated to the audit and control committee of the Parent, we determine those that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated annual accounts of the current period and which are therefore the key audit matters.

We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

European Single Electronic Format

We have examined the digital files of Naturgy Energy Group, S.A. and its subsidiaries for 2022 in European Single Electronic Format (ESEF), which comprise the XHTML file that includes the consolidated annual accounts for the aforementioned year and the XBRL files tagged by the Company, which will form part of the annual financial report.

The Directors of Naturgy Energy Group, S.A. are responsible for the presentation of the 2022 annual financial report in accordance with the format and mark-up requirements stipulated in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/815 of 17 December 2018 (hereinafter the "ESEF Regulation").

Our responsibility consists of examining the digital files prepared by the Directors of the Parent, in accordance with prevailing legislation regulating the audit of accounts in Spain. This legislation requires that we plan and perform our audit procedures to determine whether the content of the consolidated annual accounts included in the aforementioned digital files fully corresponds to the consolidated annual accounts we have audited, and whether the consolidated annual accounts and the aforementioned files have been formatted and marked up, in all material respects, in accordance with the requirements of the ESEF Regulation.

In our opinion, the digital files examined fully correspond to the audited consolidated annual accounts, and these are presented and marked up, in all material respects, in accordance with the requirements of the ESEF Regulation.

Additional Report to the Audit and Control Committee of the Parent_

The opinion expressed in this report is consistent with our additional report to the Parent's audit and control committee dated 20 February 2023.

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(Translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails.)

Contract Period

We were appointed as auditor of the Group by the shareholders at the ordinary general meeting on 9 March 2021 for a period of three years, from the year ended 31 December 2021.

KPMG Auditores, S.L. On the Spanish Official Register of Auditors ("ROAC") with No. S0702

(Signed on original in Spanish)

Eduardo González Fernández On the Spanish Official Register of Auditors ("ROAC") with No. 20,435 20 February 2023



Auditor's Report on Naturgy Energy Group, S.A.

(Together with the annual accounts and directors' report of Naturgy Energy Group, S.A. for the year ended 31 December 2022)

(Translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails.)



KPMG Auditores, S.L. Paseo de la Castellana, 259C 28046 Madrid

Independent Auditor's Report on the Annual Accounts

(Translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails.)

To the shareholders of Naturgy Energy Group, S.A.

REPORT ON THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS

Opinion

We have audited the annual accounts of Naturgy Energy Group, S.A. (the "Company"), which comprise the balance sheet at 31 December 2022, and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes.

In our opinion, the accompanying annual accounts give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the equity and financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework (specified in note 2 to the annual accounts) and, in particular, with the accounting principles and criteria set forth therein.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with prevailing legislation regulating the audit of accounts in Spain. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Annual Accounts* section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements, including those regarding independence, that are relevant to our audit of the annual accounts pursuant to the legislation regulating the audit of accounts in Spain. We have not provided any non-audit services, nor have any situations or circumstances arisen which, under the aforementioned regulations, have affected the required independence such that this has been compromised.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in the audit of the annual accounts of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the annual accounts as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Recoverable amount of non-current investments in Group companies and associates

See notes 3.3, 3.19, 4 and 7 to the annual accounts

Key audit matter

At 31 December 2022 the Company has recognised non-current investments in Group companies and associates amounting to Euros 28,957 million. The recoverable amount of these investments in Group companies and associates is determined, for those companies in which there is objective evidence of impairment, by applying valuation techniques which often require the exercising of judgement by the Directors and the use of assumptions and estimates.

Due to the significance of the investments and the uncertainty associated with these estimates, this has been considered a key audit matter.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures included the following:

- Evaluating the design and implementation of the key controls related to the process of calculating the recoverable amount.
- Assessing the existence of evidence of impairment, as well as the reasonableness of the methodology and assumptions used to estimate the recoverable amount, with the involvement of our specialists.
- Assessing whether the disclosures in the annual accounts meet the requirements of the financial reporting framework applicable to the Company.

Other Information: Directors' Report_

Other information solely comprises the 2022 directors' report, the preparation of which is the responsibility of the Company's Directors and which does not form an integral part of the annual accounts.

Our audit opinion on the annual accounts does not encompass the directors' report. Our responsibility regarding the information contained in the directors' report is defined in the legislation regulating the audit of accounts, as follows:

a) Determine, solely, whether the non-financial information statement and certain information included in the Annual Corporate Governance Report and the Annual Report on Directors' Remuneration, as specified in the Spanish Audit Law, have been provided in the manner stipulated in the applicable legislation, and if not, to report on this matter.



b) Assess and report on the consistency of the rest of the information included in the directors' report with the annual accounts, based on knowledge of the entity obtained during the audit of the aforementioned annual accounts. Also, assess and report on whether the content and presentation of this part of the directors' report are in accordance with applicable legislation. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there are material misstatements, we are required to report them.

Based on the work carried out, as described above, we have observed that the information mentioned in section a) above has been provided in the manner stipulated in the applicable legislation, that the rest of the information contained in the directors' report is consistent with that disclosed in the annual accounts for 2022, and that the content and presentation of the report are in accordance with applicable legislation.

Directors' and Audit and Control Committee's Responsibilities for the Annual Accounts

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the accompanying annual accounts in such a way that they give a true and fair view of the equity, financial position and financial performance of the Company in accordance with the financial reporting framework applicable to the entity in Spain, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual accounts, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The audit and control committee is responsible for overseeing the preparation and presentation of the annual accounts.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Annual Accounts

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with prevailing legislation regulating the audit of accounts in Spain will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these annual accounts.



As part of an audit in accordance with prevailing legislation regulating the audit of accounts in Spain, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the annual accounts, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the annual accounts, including the
 disclosures, and whether the annual accounts represent the underlying transactions and events
 in a manner that achieves a true and fair view.

We communicate with Naturgy Energy Group, S.A.'s audit and control committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the entity's audit and control committee with a statement that we have complied with the applicable ethical requirements, including those regarding independence, and to communicate with them all matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated to the audit and control committee of the entity, we determine those that were of most significance in the audit of the annual accounts of the current period and which are therefore the key audit matters.

We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter.



REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

European Single Electronic Format

We have examined the digital file of Naturgy Energy Group, S.A. for 2022 in European Single Electronic Format (ESEF) comprising an XHTML file with the annual accounts for the aforementioned year, which will form part of the annual financial report.

The Directors of Naturgy Energy Group, S.A. are responsible for the presentation of the 2022 annual financial report in accordance with the format requirements stipulated in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/815 of 17 December 2018 (hereinafter the "ESEF Regulation"). In this regard, they have incorporated the Annual Corporate Governance Report and the Annual Report on Directors' Remuneration by means of a reference thereto in the directors' report.

Our responsibility consists of examining the digital file prepared by the Company's Directors, in accordance with prevailing legislation regulating the audit of accounts in Spain. This legislation requires that we plan and perform our audit procedures to determine whether the content of the annual accounts included in the aforementioned digital file fully corresponds to the annual accounts we have audited, and whether the annual accounts have been formatted, in all material respects, in accordance with the requirements of the ESEF Regulation.

In our opinion, the digital file examined fully corresponds to the audited annual accounts, and these are presented, in all material respects, in accordance with the requirements of the ESEF Regulation.

Additional Report to the Audit and Control Committee_

The opinion expressed in this report is consistent with our additional report to the Company's audit and control committee dated 20 February 2023.

Contract Period _

We were appointed as auditor by the shareholders at the ordinary general meeting on 9 March 2021 for a period of three years, from the year ended 31 December 2021.

KPMG Auditores, S.L.
On the Spanish Official Register of Auditors ("ROAC") with No. S0702

(Signed on original in Spanish)

Eduardo González Fernández On the Spanish Official Register of Auditors ("ROAC") with No. 20,435 20 February 2023



Naturgy Energy Group, S.A.

Auditor's Report on the "Internal Control over Financial Reporting (ICOFR) Information" of Naturgy Energy Group, S.A. for 2022

(Translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)



KPMG Auditores, S.L. Paseo de la Castellana, 259C 28046 Madrid

Auditor's Report on the "Internal Control over Financial Reporting (ICOFR) Information" of Naturgy Energy Group, S.A. for 2022

(Translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails.)

To the Directors of Naturgy Energy Group, S.A.

As requested by the Board of Directors of Naturgy Energy Group, S.A. (the "Entity") and in accordance with our proposal letter dated 22 November 2022, we have applied certain procedures to the "ICOFR disclosures" attached in the Directors' Report of Naturgy Energy Group, S.A. for 2022, which summarises the Entity's internal control procedures for annual financial reporting.

The Board of Directors is responsible for adopting appropriate measures to reasonably ensure the implementation, maintenance and oversight of an adequate system of internal control, the development of improvements to that system and the preparation and definition of the content of the ICOFR information attached hereto.

In this respect, it should be borne in mind that irrespective of the quality of the design and operation of the internal control system adopted by the Entity in relation to annual financial reporting, the system may only provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance in relation to the objectives pursued, due to the limitations inherent in any internal control system.

In the course of our audit work on the annual accounts and in accordance with Technical Auditing Standards, our evaluation of the Entity's internal control was solely aimed at enabling us to establish the scope, nature and timing of the audit procedures on the Entity's annual accounts. Consequently, the scope of our evaluation of internal control, performed for the purposes of the audit of accounts, was not sufficient to enable us to issue a specific opinion on the effectiveness of this internal control over regulated annual financial reporting.

For the purposes of issuing this report, we have applied only the specific procedures described below and set out in the *Guidelines for preparing the auditor's report on the information on the system of internal control over financial reporting of listed companies*, published on the website of the Spanish National Securities Market Commission (CNMV), which define the work to be performed, the minimum scope thereof and the content of this report. As the scope of the work resulting from these procedures is in any event limited and substantially less than that of an audit or review of the internal control system, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness thereof, nor on its design or operating effectiveness, with respect to the Entity's annual financial reporting for 2022 described in the ICOFR information attached hereto. Consequently, had additional procedures been applied other than those established in the aforementioned Guidelines, or had an audit or a review been performed of the internal control system in relation to regulated annual financial reporting, other events or matters could have been identified, which would have been reported to you.

As this special work did not constitute an audit of accounts and is not subject to current legislation regulating the audit of accounts in Spain, we do not express an audit opinion under the terms provided in such legislation.



The procedures applied were as follows:

- Reading and understanding of the information prepared by the Entity regarding ICOFR –
 disclosures included in the directors' report and an evaluation of whether this information
 meets all the minimum reporting requirements, taking into account the minimum content
 described in section F, regarding the description of ICOFR, of the ACGR template provided in
 Spanish National Securities Market Commission (CNMV) Circular 5/2013 of 12 June 2013 and
 subsequent amendments, the most recent of these being CNMV Circular 3/2021 of 28
 September 2021 (hereinafter the CNMV Circulars).
- 2. Inquiries of the personnel responsible for drawing up the information detailed in point 1 above in order to: (i) obtain an understanding of the preparation process; (ii) obtain information that allows us to assess whether the terminology used conforms to the definitions contained in the reference framework; (iii) obtain information on whether the control procedures described are in place and operational in the entity.
- Review of the explanatory documentation supporting the information detailed in point 1 above, primarily including documents made directly available to those responsible for preparing the description of the ICOFR system. This documentation includes reports prepared by internal audit, senior management and other internal or external specialists supporting the Audit and Control Committee.
- 4. Comparison of the information detailed in point 1 above with the understanding of the entity's ICOFR obtained as a result of the procedures performed within the framework of the audit work on the annual accounts.
- Reading of the minutes taken at meetings of the board of directors, Audit and Control Committee and other committees of the Entity for the purpose of assessing the consistency of the matters discussed at those meetings in relation to ICOFR with the information detailed in point 1 above.
- 6. Procurement of a representation letter concerning the work performed, duly signed by those responsible for preparing and authorising the information detailed in point 1 above.

As a result of the procedures applied to the ICOFR information, no inconsistencies or incidents have been detected that could affect it.

This report has been prepared exclusively within the context of the requirements laid down in article 540 of the Revised Spanish Companies Act and in the CNMV Circulars for the purposes of the description of ICOFR in annual corporate governance reports.

KPMG Auditores, S.L.

(Signed on original in Spanish)

Eduardo González Fernández 20 February 2023